RE DRAG

Diag.	Cht.	Nos.	1251-	2 &	1252-2	1351-2

Form 504

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey WIRE DRAG - Field Investigati

H-8294 W.D.
Field No. HY-1256 Office No. H-8294 W

LOCALITY

Florida

General locality Key West

South West Channel

,19..56...

J. G. Partington
Walter J. Chovan

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES AUG 2 0 1956



DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

REGISTER No.

		Field No.	HY-12	56ND			4	•
· —								•
State Florida	<u> </u>							
General locality K	ey West			·		·		
Locality S	outh West	Channel				•		
Scale 1:10,000	<u> </u>		Dat	e of survey	16 April	_ 12 ;	[uly]	956
Instructions dated	29 Decemb	er 1955 a	nd 1 M	arch 195	6 – Proje	et 1328	30	
Vessel HYDROGE		••	·			3		
Chief of party	C. Partin	gton & We	lter J	. Chovan				1
Surveyed by J. I		. ,		•		3		- 47
Soundings taken by								
Fathograms scaled						t î h		्य <u>(क</u>
Fathograms scaled						`		- P
			44 	X.X.444.4.4.X.Y.		,		
Protracted by			A 37					
Soundings penciled	by Lings	Hellmann,	A. M.	COOK				
Soundings in f	the fee	et at	MLW	<i> </i>				
Remarks:							. •	
•					en en j	e _e (9
		t				* ************************************	.455	
				an Wasa.		, 3, 6 July		
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DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

To Accompany

Hydrographic Survey H- (Field No. HY-1256MD)

Scale: 1:10,000

Chiefs of Party: J. C. Partington Walter J. Chovan

A. PROJECT:

This survey was a part of Project 13280. The original instructions for this project were issued in 20 March 1952; 22/MKK, S-2-HY.

The wire drag was accomplished under Paragraph 6 and 7, Supplemental Instructions - Project 13280, dated 29 December 1955, 222/MEK, S-2-HY.

The hydrographic and wire drag examination in the approximate area of Northwest Channel Buoys 30 and 31 was accomplished under Paragraph 8, Supplemental Instructions - Project 13280, dated 1 March 1956, / 22/MEK, S-2-HY. Please refer also to the Commanding Officer's letter dated 21 March 1956 and the Director's reply dated 27 March 1956; attached 22/MEK, S-1-HY.

B. SURVEY LIMITS AND DATES:

The wire drag part of this survey extends from the junction of Southwest Channel and the Main Channel at Key West in a southwesterly direction to approximate Latitude 24° 30.4, Longitude 81° 52.5. The field work was begun on 16 April 1956 and was completed on 12 July 1956. The wire drag survey makes a junction on the southwest with Survey H— (HY-1356) 1956, Scale 1:10,000. This survey does not join any other contemporary surveys.

The progress on the wire drag part of this survey was slow and tedious. It was necessary to do the work with misfit launches. The only launch obtainable from the Navy as per instructions was too large, poorly arranged for our purpose, and was hard to handle.

The hydrography accomplished was a field examination of the 18 foot shoals as outlined in the project instructions. No junction was made with any contemporary survey.

C. VESSEL AND EQUIPMENT:

The party operated in launches from the Ship HYDROGRAPHER. Launch CS-114 was used as the guide launch on A-Day and the end

launch for the remainder of the survey. Launch CS-117 was used as the end launch on A-Day and the guide launch for the remainder of the survey. The tender was on loan from the Navy. On A-Day it was a LCPR - 36 feet long. For B-Day thru E-Day it was a 38 foot picket boat. An 18 foot dinghy was used as a tender on F-Day.

Due to the size of the ships launches it was impossible to rig them for satisfactorily handling of the drag. Necessarily the drag was set—out and taken—in from the ship and towed, sometimes several miles, to the working grounds. Whenever the drag grounded on coral formation, considerable time was lost freeing the drag. The hangs encountered were numerous each time the drag was stopped in the coral and the damage to the ground wire and uprights were excessive. Al though some repairs were made on the working grounds usually it was necessary to return the drag to the ship for any major repairs.

The hydrographic investigation of the hangs were made from the tender with lead line and/or from the guide launch, acting as a tender, with the graphic recorder.

The hydrographic investigation of the 18 foot shoels were made using Launch CS-117. A type 808 depth recorder, No. 153SPX, calibrated for a speed of 820 fms/sec was used for sounding in all depths. Bar checks were taken throughout the depths sounded.

D. TIDE AND CURRENT STATIONS:

A tide gage at Key West, Florida was used for the reduction of the data. It was at the same location as the standard tide station at Key West. The MLW on the staff was determined by reference to the bench marks for the standard station. A time correction of 1 hour was applied west of longitude 81° 51.1. (See letter from the Director dated 3/16/56; 36-122-982h). This division has been indicated on the sheet.

Data was obtained aboard the Ship HYDROGRAPHER for one Current Station. Only surface current, using a line and pole, was observed. It was in Latitude 24° 30' 10", Longitude 81° 52' 10".

E. SMOOTH SHEET:

The projection for the smooth sheet was made in the Washington Office on the ruling machine. The shoran distance arcs for Station EPIG were plotted in the Office. The arcs from Station KEY were plotted in the field by ship's personnel.

The topography in the vicinity of the U.S. Naval Base was transfered from a film positive of Survey T-5546 (1938) enlarged to a 1:10,000 scale. It was not verified in the field. This sheet was inadvertently prepared as a second boat sheet. The soundings shown in green are from Chart 584, Scale 1:30,000, print date 5/3/54. No attempt was made to remove these soundings from the smooth sheet.

Removed during verification.

F. CONTROL STATIONS:

A-Day of the survey was controlled by shoran distance arcs from an eccentric position of Triangulation Station SAND KEY LIGHTHOUSE, 1853, J. T., Chief of Party; and from Triangulation Station EPIG, 1954, L. S. Hubbard, Chief of Party.

The remainder of the survey was controlled by three point sextant \mathcal{I} fixes on Triangulation Stations.

The positions are found under the schemes listed:

Chief of Party	Year
W. B. F.	1917
E. R. McCarthy & Walter H. Bainbridge	1934
J. C. Partington & Walter J. Chovan	1956

G. SHORELINE AND TOPOGRAPHY:

The shoreline in the vicinity of Key West is from Topographic Survey T-5546, (1938). Two high points on a small island south of Crawfish Key and at the edge of the shoal water were cut in by triangulation. They are identified on Photograph C&GS, 26 March 1955, W-5400 and should be applied to the chart.

H. SOUNDINGS:

The soundings for hydrography were obtained with a portable type 808 depth recorder No. 153SPX. All soundings were taken on "A" scale. The soundings at the floating aids to navigation were taken with a lead line and depth recorder No. 105 or No. 153.

I. CONTROL:

A-Day was controlled by shoran distance arcs from two triangulation stations. The corrections applied have been discussed under a separate report. The remainder of the work was controlled by three point sextant fixes taken on triangulation stations.

On Positions 1-17, A-Day, the shoran set on the end launch was inoperative. The single control method for wire drag was used.

J. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY:

The wire drag survey was made to determine a 200 yard channel clear to 23 feet in the area known as SOUTHWEST CHANNEL. A channel

294° from KW Main chanter Lt

San Barrell

clear to 23 feet can be had on an azimuth of 236° from Key West Lighthouse. A satisfactory junction is obtained with Survey No. H-(HY-1356WD) on the Southwest. The groundings along the edge of the drag strip have not necessarily been cleared to a lesser depth. The additional work necessary to accomplish this was not believed warranted as the desired channel was found.

The hydrography accomplished was to investigate the existence of the 18 foot shoals in the vicinity of Northwest Channel Buoys 30 and 31. The 18 foot sounding in Latitude 240 25.3, Longitude 810 48.4 was removed from the charts (N.M 52, dated 24 December 1955). See also correspondence attached. No indication of this sounding was found. A 17 foot sounding in Latitude 240 32.81, Longitude 810 49.63, was found. The drag hung at 16 feet in the vicinity of this sounding. It was cleared to 14 feet. The 18 foot sounding marked by Buoy 31 was not found although a 19 foot sounding was found 25 meters NW of it.

The drag length between positions 28 and 29, 4 Day, plots approximately 100 feet lenger than the actual drag length of 1000 feet.

On position 9, B-Day, Latitude 24° 32.42, Longitude 81° 49.39, the drag grounded with an effective drag depth of 24 feet. This spot was apparently cleared on position 14-15, C-Day, again with an effective depth of 24 feet. However, the hang position (1b') lies just 10 meters inside the Far buoy track on C-Day. It is very probable that the drag strip on C-Day did not pass over this hang.

L. & M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS AND CHART:

No disagreement was found with any of the surveys of this area.

A detail comparison was made with the Chart No. 584, Scale 1:30,000, print date 5/3/54 and Chart No. 576, Scale 1:10,000, print date 7/12/54.

N. DANGERS AND SHOALS:

The obstructions found and recommended for charting are listed:

Depth	Position	Latitude	Longitude	Remarks
16.5(ha	ed st	24° 32.83.	81.0 49:63	Cleared to 14: Pos. 9-12 F. Least depth found by invest- igation 17.2, See pos. 1-2 f:
19.0 ·	(7d 5 22ft) 3E	240 32:06 240 32:04	81.0 49.90 81.0 50.048	((Wano 23 ft, 26, 27))
22.0	ıœ	249 32:53	810 49:09	Obstruction cleared to 22 ft. 4-90
22.0	9B 47-44 A	24° 32'42 24° 32,02'	81° 49.39	{Cleared to 22 ft. 19-21 D 24 ft. hang { cleared to 23 ft (50-(2 A) 2 5 ft. hang.
210	23-24E	24.31.66	81. 20.28	Scleared to 21 ft (25 30E) Note

All charted dangers and shoals were found as charted, or shoaler depths were found except for those listed in L, M, and N above.

O. COAST PILOT INFORMATION:

It is recommended the channel be laid on an azimuth of 236° T from Key West Lighthouse. In approaching the Main Ship Channel from the southwest after the Key West Harbor Range (bearing 024°) has been crossed the vessel can be brought into the Main Ship Channel approximately midway between Key West Main Channel Buoys 9 and 11.

Two spoil banks immediately south of Crawfish Key (located during this project) are prominently observed from the middle reaches of Southwest Channel.

P. AIDS TO NAVIGATION:

The position of the fixed aids to navigation determined at this time were forwarded under separate cover.

Floating aids to navigation located on this survey are as follows:

Name of Aid	Lat. and Longitude	Depth of Water	Pos.	Date of Location
Southwest Channel Lighted Buoy 6	24° 30 01 7 81° 52.83°	44.5 ft.	lat	16 April 1956
Southwest Channel Lighted Buoy 7	24° 30 23 81° 53 10°8	341.8 ft.	2a!	16 April 1956
Southwest Channel Buoy 7A	24° 30'83 ′ 81° 52'15 ′		1,13, 4,15A	18 April 1956
Southwest Channel Buoy 7B	24° 31.16′ 81° 51.64′		20,22- 25 A	18 April 1956
Southwest Channel Buoy 7C	24° 31'43' 81° 50'.78′	29.5 ft.	8a.1	16 April 1956
Southwest Channel Buoy 9	24° 31.747 81° 50.23 /	28.0 ft.	7a1	16 April 1956
Southwest Channel Lighted Buoy 10	24° 30.70°22 81° 50.70°22	35.0 ft.	9a.†	16 April 1956
Kingfish Shoel Lighted Buoy 31	24° 32.757 81° 49.39 /	22.8 ft.	5a t	16 April 1956

(

Key West Main Channel Lighted Buoy 10	24° 32 87′ 81° 48 87′	29.8 ft.	3a1	16 April 1956
Key West, Main Channel Buoy 11	24° 32¦85 ⁷ 81° 48.96	29.8 ft.	4a ¹	16 April 1956
Mooring Buoy F2	24° 32!41 ⁵ 81° 49!38	28.8 ft.	6a.1	16 April 1956

LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS:

New landmarks for charts are submitted on form 567 under separate cover. The following landmarks are recommended:

> NEW- Key West Naval Station Tank (Elevated) White Bluff No. 1 (South of Crawfish Key)

Now Charted-Key West Courthouse, Water Tank, 1943 Three Radio Mast at U. S. Navel Station

R. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES:

There are no changes in geographic names to report.

MISCELLANEOUS:

The guide launch used blue day letters; the end launch, green day letters. Capital letters in alphabetical order were used for wire drag. On days when either launch supplemented the wire drag with tender operations, small case prime day letters were used. Such letters corresponded to the wire drag day letter. When either launch did hydrographic investigation independent of wire drag. small case letters in alphabetical order were used.

Z. TABULATION OF APPLICABLE DATA:

- 1. Letters Relative to Shoal Soundings dated 7/6/56 and 7/13/56.
- 2. Landmarks to Charts dated 7/29/56.
- Fixed Aids to Navigation dated 7/29/56.
- Photogrammetric Identification dated 8/6/56.
 Summary of Bar Checks attached.
- 6. Report on Shoran Corrections to be forwarded, summary attached.
- 7. Tide Marigrams to be forwarded.

STATISTICS FOR SURVEY HY-1256

Date	Day <u>Letter</u>	Volume <u>Number</u>	Number Positions	Statute <u>Miles</u>
	WIRE I	DRAG - Guide Launc	h	
18 April 20 May 21 May 22 May 23 May 11 July	A B C D E F	1 1 1 1 1	52 9 17 27 35 13	4.6 0.9 1.2 2.9 2.3 1.5
		Total:	153	13.4
		- Tenders		
16 April 20 May 21 May 22 May 23 May 11 July 12 July	at bi ct di et ft gi	4 4 4 4 4	9 1 2 8 5 3 5	
		Total:	33	
		Area Surveyed:	1.4	sq. st. mi.
	FIELD	INVESTIGATION - H	TDROGR APHY	
12 May 21 May 22 May 23 May	a b c d	3 3 3 3	90 21 19 30	9.4 2.2 1.7 2.6
		Total:	160	15.9
		Area Surveyed:	0.3	sq. st. mi.

TIDE NOTE To Accompany

Hydrographic Survey H-

(HY-1256WD)

Tide Station:

Key West, Florida

Latitude:

24° 33.2 N

Longitude:

81° 48.5 W

Plane of Reference: MLW = 3.1 ft. on staff

(Directors letter 36-159-982H of 13 April 1956)

Area Covered:

Limits of wire drag.

Time Correction:

None east of longitude 81° 51.1 W - (minus) one hour west of 81° 51.1 W

Height Correction:

None

This station was established 5 April 1956 and discontinued 19 July 1956. Except for F-Day, 11 July 1956, heights from the gage Were used to reduce all drag depths and soundings taken during this survey. For F-Day the hourly heights for the standard gage, as furnished by the Washington Office, was used.

SHIP HYDROGRAPHER c/o General Delivery Key West, Florida

7 April 1956

To:

The Director

Coast and Geodetic Survey

Washington, D. C.

Subject:

Tide Gage - Key West

Reference:

Supplemental Instructions for Project 1328 dtd

1/26/56, 3/1/56 and 3/16/56.

The operation of the standard tide gage at Key West was checked with the Public Works Department at the Naval Station. It is and has been operating satisfactorily since the annual inspection by Lt. Tucker in February.

In order to expedite the processing of the field records for the several special surveys in the area it is planned to operate a portable gage at this station also. The MW on the staff for this portable gage has been determined to be 3.1 feet by levels from existing bench marks. Please verify this value.

Please also advise the height of MLW on the staff of the standard gage.

/s/ J. C. Partington
J. C. Partington
CAPT, C&GS
Comdg., Ship HYDROGRAPHER

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Coast and Geodetic Survey Washington 25

36-159-982H

13 April 1956

To:

Commanding Officer USC&GSS HYDROGRAPHER c/o General Delivery Key West, Florida

Subject:

Tide Gage, Key West

Reference is made to your letter of 7 April 1956.

The value of mean low water on the staff of the portable tide gage has been verified.

Mean low water on the staff of the standard tide gage corresponds to a reading of 5.9 feet.

/s/ Robert W. Knox

Acting Director

SHIP HYDROGRAPHER P.O. Box 1259 St. Petersburg, Fla.

21 March 1956

To:

The Director

Coast and Geodetic Survey

Washington, D. C.

Subject:

Project 1328

Reference:

(a) Supplemental Instructions dated 3/1/56; 22/MEK, S-2-HY.

Your attention is invited to Paragraph 5936, Notice to Mariners, Part 1, No. 52, dated 24 December 1955. Paragraph 8, Reference (a), specifically names the shoal in the vicinity of Northwest Channel Buoy 30 for investigation. Please advise if this investigation is to substantiate the information furnished for the removal of this sounding from the charts.

P94 Descipt Rpt

/s/ J. C. Partington J. C. Partington CAPT, C&GS Comdg., Ship HYDROGRAPHER

27 March 1956

To:

Commanding Officer USC&GSS HYDROGRAPHER

P.O. Box 1259

St. Petersburg 1, Florida

Subject:

Project 1328

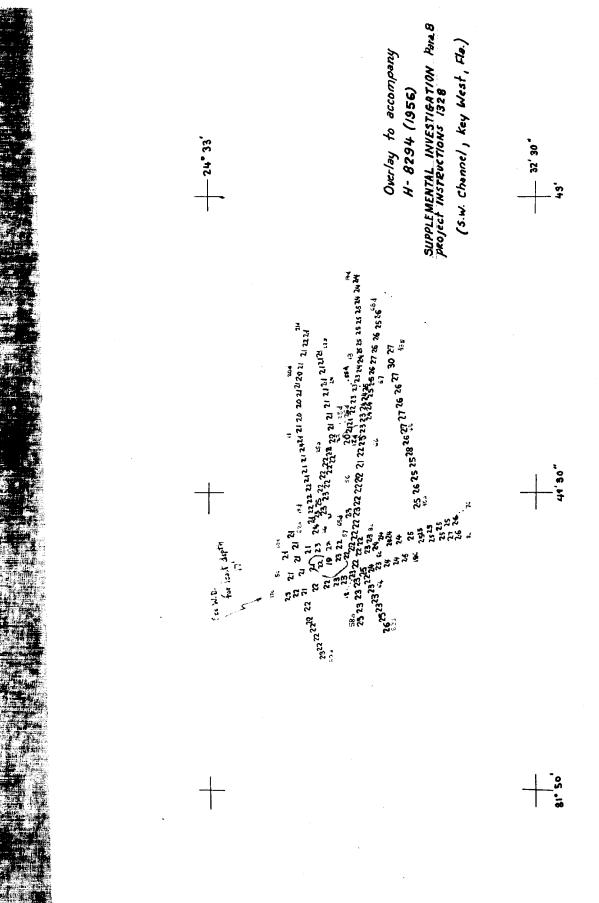
The Notice to Mariners referred to in your letter of 21 March 1956 concerned a third 18-foot shoal in the vicinity of North West Channel tuoys 30 and 31. The development called for in paragraph eight of project instructions is necessary to prove, or disprove, the existence of and determine the least depth on the two remaining 18-foot shoals shown on the chart.

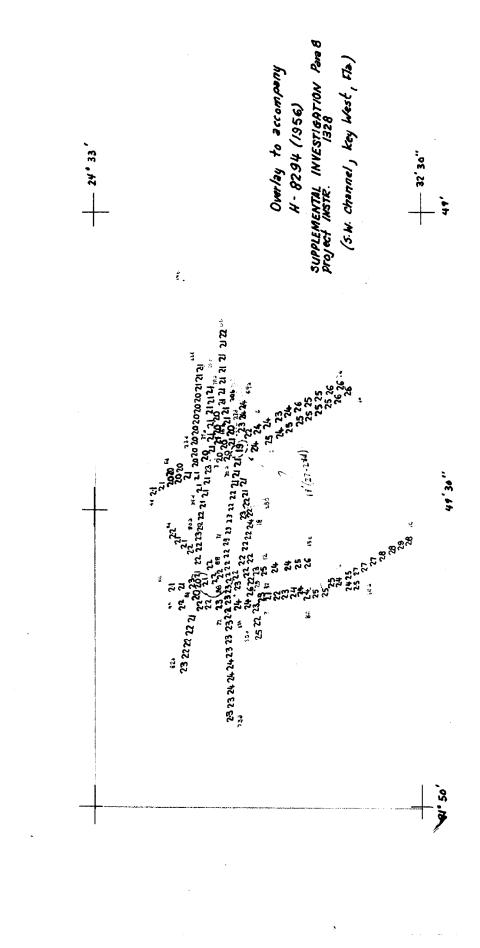
Pq. 4 Descriptive Report

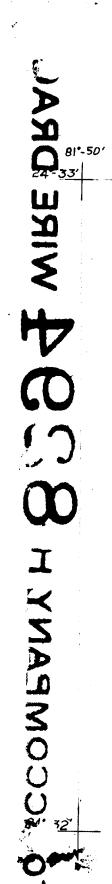
/s/ Robert W. Knox

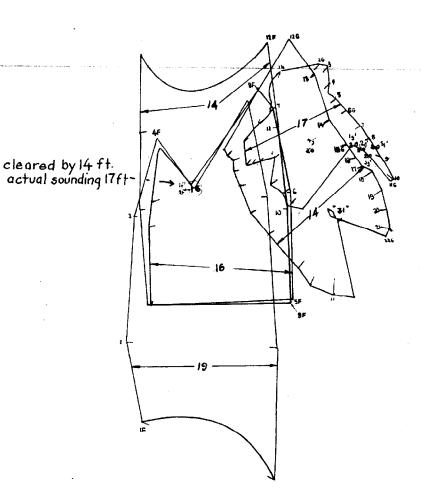
Acting Director

cc. Tampa District Officer Chart Division (83)









PROJECT 1328
WIRE DRAG INVESTIGATION
SHIP HYDROGRAPHER - W.J. CHOVAN, CMDG
SUPPLEMENTAL INSTRUCTIONS DATED I MARCH 1956
11-12 JULY 1956

81 - 49

TRACED FROM CHART BOAT SHEET No. 576

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY Form 24A Rev. Oct., 1932

LIST OF DIRECTIONS

Station SAND KEY LIGHTHOUS Chief of party J. C. Partingto Observer H. W. Keith	n Date.	4/13/56	Computed by J.E.W. Checked by HWK
OBSERVED STATION	Observed direction	Eccentric reduction Sea level reduction	Corrected direction with Adjusted zero initial direction
1	o , "	, ,	· , , , , ,
EAST TRIANGLE LIGHT 1934	0 00 00.00	-01	0 00 00.00
SAND KEY LIGHTHOUSE (center) - 2.865 meters 10	00 45		

Key (shoran antenna) 9.356 meters 20934 +16°51'

226 26

^{*}These columns are for office use and should be left blank in the field.

Station: Ken

State: Maryland

Chief of party: C. V. H.

Date: 1917

Computed by: O. P. S.

Observer: C. V. H.

Instrument: No. 168

Checked by: W. F. R.

OBSERVED STATION	Observe	d dire	etion		centric uction	Sea level reduction	Correc		rection with nitial	Adju direc	
Chevy Tank west of \(\triangle \text{ Dulce} \) Ken (center), 3.469 meters. Forest Glen standpipe Home Bureau of Standards, wireless pole. Reno Reference mark, 16.32 m Ken To Home	326 352 357 358 7 <i>eccen</i>	31 +ci	00.00 37.0 53.0 30.21 20.8 48.63 20	-1 +3 + +	7.31 09.8 01.2 31.93 5.7 1.16	W	0 29 313 326 352 357	, 00 02 28 32 17 28	00.00 34.5 01.5 09.45 33.8 54.78	,	ll l

This form, with the first three and fifth columns properly filled out and checked, must be furnished by field parties. To be acceptable it must contain every direction observed at the station.

It should be used for observations with both repeating and direction theodolites.

The directions at only one station should be placed on a page.

If a repeating theodolite is used, do not abstract the angles in tertiary triangulation. The local adjustment corrections (to close horizon only) are to be written in the Horizontal Angle Record, and the List of Directions is to be made from that record directly.

Choose as an initial for Form 24A some station involved in the local adjustment, and preferably one which has been used as an initial for a round of directions on objects not in the main scheme. Use but one initial at a station. Call the direction of the initial 0° 00′ 00.″ 00, and by applying the corrected angles to this, fill in opposite each station its direction reckoned clockwise around the whole circumference regardless of the direction of graduation of the instrument. The clockwise reckoning is necessary for uniformity and to make the directions comparable with azimuths.

If a station has been occupied eccentrically, reduce to the center and enter in this form, in ink, the resulting corrections to the observed directions in the column provided for them. If an eccentric reduction is necessary, but not made in the field, leave the column blank. If the station was occupied centrally, and no eccentric reduction is required, put dashes in the column to show that no corrections are necessary.

Directions in the main scheme should be entered to hundredths of seconds in first-order triangulation; otherwise to tenths only. Points observed upon but once, direct and reverse, should be carried to tenths in first-order and second-order triangulation, and to even seconds only in third-order triangulation. In general, but two uncertain figures should be given.

It is recommended that the following simple plan of observing be used with a repeating instrument: Measure each single angle in the scheme at each station and the outside angle necessary to close the horizon. Measure no sum angles. Follow each measurement of every angle immediately by a measurement of its explement. Six repetitions are to constitute a measurement. The local adjustment will consist simply of the distribution of the error of closure of the horizon.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY FORM 382 Ed. June 1929

REDUCTION TO CENTER

Eccentric Station: Sand Key Lighthouse Log d= a 457/2

Colog sin 1"= 5 . 3 1 4 4 3

d = 2.865 meters

Sum = 5.77/55

					,	16-194
STATION	а	Log sin a	Log s (s in meters)	$Log\left(\frac{\sin a}{s}\right)$	Logarithm of Reduction in Seconds	REDUCTION =c
Center	0 00					"
				USC	value com	pated be
Kcy (dist= 9.356m)	10849	9.976 15	0.971 09	7.005 06	1 1 / m == 1	
East Triangle Lt.	259 15	9.992 31	3.987 45	6.004 86	1.776 41	- 59.76
		1 To	East 7	riangle L	ight	
	/		0°45'			
		10	,			
ecc. set up		1-2-	209°34′			
·		2.86		 		
			S 30 (CE)			
		1.25	1654	$\langle z \rangle 2$	09°35′	
(051)	9.356	meters		Cens		
/163.		16				
<u>: Y</u>						
	2.865	X sin 4	ecc set	ир		
Sin 4 Key	1	9.356				
109 SIn 4 Key	= 109 2	.865 = 0	0.457 12			
	og sin 1 51	$08^{2}49^{2} = \frac{1}{2}$	9.433 27	•		-
	109 9.	356 = 6	0.971 09			
X Ve	= d:f4	08°49' = 9 10 m = 6 356 = 6 erence = 9	1.462 18			
7 1/2			10 ~ 1			
						-

INSTRUCTIONS

The required reduction to center is, in seconds, $c = \frac{d \sin a}{s \sin 1^{w}}$ in which d is the distance from the eccentric station to the true station, and s is the length in meters of the line between the true stations involved, and, therefore, log s is taken directly from the computation of triangle sides. a is the direction of the distant station involved, reckoned in a clockwise direction as usual, but referred to the direction from the eccentric to the true station, or center, taken as zero. This definition of a is true for the case in which the object pointed upon is eccentric, as well as for the case in which the instrument is eccentric.

Carry a to minutes only and all logarithms to five decimal places only. Do not in any case carry the derived reduction to more than two decimal places. There is no advantage in carrying them to more decimal places than the directions to

which they are to be applied are carried on Form 24 A.

REDUCTIONS FOR AN ECCENTRIC INSTRUMENT

...

If the instrument is eccentric the first column of this form should contain the names of the stations observed from that eccentric position of the instrument.

The values in the fifth column are derived by subtracting those in the fourth column from those in the third. The values in the fourth column may need to be derived by successive approximations from the triangle-side computations if the eccentric reductions are large. The values in the sixth column are obtained from those in the fifth by adding $\log \frac{u}{\sin 1''}$ derived as indicated in the heading of the form, if d is expressed in meters. If d is expressed in feet, to the other two logarithms add also 9.48402 to convert to meters. To obtain a direction as shown on Form 24 A, subtract the reduction c for the station which is the initial on Form 24 A from the reduction c for the required direction and apply the difference to the observed direction. Similarly, the correction to any angle is the difference of the reductions on this form to the two directions involved in that angle.

REDUCTIONS FOR AN ECCENTRIC OBJECT OBSERVED

If the object observed is eccentric the heading "Eccentric Station —" should be changed to "Eccentric Observed Object at Station —," the first column should contain the names of the stations from which this eccentric object was observed, and in each case a is the direction from the eccentric object to the distant station involved, reckoned in a clockwise direction as usual, but referred to the direction from the eccentric object to the true station, or center, taken as zero. (No distinction need be made between the direction from the eccentric object to the distant station and the direction from the true station to the distant station except when the eccentric reduction is more than one minute.) The remainder of the computation on this form is made in the manner indicated shows with reference to except it in the remainder. of the computation on this form is made in the manner indicated above with reference to an eccentric instrument. The reductions to directions are, however, to be applied to observed directions, at the stations named in the first column, to the eccentric object at the station named in the heading. The directions to which these reductions are to be applied are therefore found in various of the lists of directions on Form 24 A, not all in one list as is the case when the instrument is eccentric.

REDUCTION TO CENTER

Eccentric Station: Chase.

 $\log d = 1.04088$ Colog $\sin 1'' = 5$. 31443

d = 10.987 meters

Sum = 6.35531

STATION	a [*]	Log sin a	Log s (s in meters)	$\log\left(\frac{\sin a}{8}\right)$	Logarithm of Reduction IN Seconds	REDUCTION == ¢
Center	0 00					"
Bossing.	179 18	8. 08696	4. 49198	3. 59498	9. 95029	+ 0.89
Central	224 27	9. 84528	4. 40254	5. 44274	1. 79805	- 62, 81
Little River	242 47	9. 94904	4. 51928	5. 42976	1. 78507	- 60. 96.
Lyons, salt works	249 02	9. 97025	4. 30616	5. 66409	2. 01940	-104.57

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U. S. COAST AND GEOBETIC SURVEY
FORM 27
Ed. April 1946

POSITION COMPUTATION, THIRD-ORDER TRIANGULATION

	ore april 1940	F			= 0				•		2
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ນ	1.0637		Δλ 9.	9.518 060	10 0,330	Ö			Δλ	,	"
	3.009 2 -12 2d term	+	Sin \$ (\$\phi + \phi')					2d term +	$\sin{\frac{1}{2}(\phi+\phi')}$		
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19-44238-1 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

SUMMARY OF SHORAN CORRECTORS

Launch 114 Set No. 2

Zero Set:

Rate Station KEY 99.770

Drift Station EPI G 99.820

Distances and corrections in statute miles

Date: 16 April 1956

	Ra	ite Station KEY	Drift Station EPI G		
	Dist.	Corrn.	Dist. Corrn.		
Date:	4.1 - 4.9 4.9 - 5.5 5.5 - 6.3 6.3 - 6.9 6.9 - 7.6 7.6 - 8.2 18 April 1956	# 0.024 # 0.022 # 0.020 # 0.018 # 0.014	0.0 - 0.8 0.8 - 1.8 1.8 - 2.8 2.8 - 3.8	- 0.002 - 0.004 - 0.006 - 0.008	
	2.1 - 3.2 3.2 - 4.3 4.3 - 5.3 5.3 - 6.3 6.3 - 7.3	# 0.020 # 0.018 # 0.016 # 0.014 # 0.012	1.4 - 2.5 2.5 - 3.8 3.8 - 5.0 5.0 - 6.2 6.2 - 7.5	- 0.002 - 0.004 - 0.006 -0.008 - 0.010	

Launch 117 Set No. 3

Zero Set:

Rate Station KEY 99.770 Drift Station EPI G 99.820

Date: 18 April 1956

Distances and corrections in statute miles

I	Rate Station KEY	Drift Station EPI G			
Dist.	Corrn.	Dist.	Corrn.		
3.6 - 5.3 5.3 - 7.1	≠ 0.010 ≠ 0.008	0.5 - 1.3 1.3 - 2.1 2.1 - 2.9 2.9 - 3.7 3.7 - 4.6 4.6 - 5.3	0.000 - 0.002 - 0.004 - 0.006 - 0.008 - 0.010		

SUMMARY OF VELOCITY CORRECTIONS
Survey HY-1256 -- Depth Recorder 153 SPX

Date	Day	Depth (Feet)	Corrn. (Feet)
12 May	a	to 12 12.2 - 27.5 27.6 - 30.0	≠ 0.4 ≠ 0.6 ≠ 0.8
13 May	ъ	20 - 21.5	≠ 0°6
14, May	c	21.6 - 23.0 23.1	/ 0.8 / 1.0
23 Mey	đ	use 0.0 for all	depths

APPROVAL

smooth sheet
The records and boat sheets for Survey HY-1256 are approved
as submitted. Prior to my assuming Command on 1 June the survey
was directed by Captain J. C. Partington. All work after that came
under my personal supervision. The boat sheet was examined each
day and the sounding and wire drag volumes and fathogrames were
inspected frequently. The survey is complete and adequate for its
purpose as outlined in the instructions.

Walter J. Chovan

CAPT, C&GS

Commanding Officer Ship HYDROGRAPHER

Survey No.H [±] 829L	. W.D.	Si.	ourous sa	2000 S	local ation	Mag	cuide of	McHall	jant	; /
	, /s	140. O	Serio C	D D	or local stor	Or local waste	Caride	phood photolist	72 jagu	
Name on Survey	A	<u> </u>	<u>/ c</u>	/ D	/ E	F	/ G	<u>/ H</u>	/ K	-
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Hydrographic Surveys (Chart Division)

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. \$294. Wire Drag

Records	accompanying	survey:
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Post sheets .2; sounding vols2.; wire drag vols2.	.;
bomb vols; graphic recorder rolls 4-Envelopes	
special reports, etc. 1-Descriptive report, 3-Boat sheets Cha 576 and 6-Overlays, 1-Smooth sheet, A-D Diagram, and 3-Overlay	l€t ′s•

The following statistics will be submitted with rapher's report on the sheet:	the cartog-
Number of positions on sheet	160 153
Number of positions checked	14 56
Number of positions revised	2 . *
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only)	2
Number of soundings erroneously spaced	<i>o</i> .
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred	- 0
Topographic details Ti	me
Junctions	me
Verification of soundings from graphic record Soundings; E.E. Thomas Verification by W.P.: Jugestund Total time	
Reviewed by Time	
A number of signs of fixes indica angles between end buoys and signals the sounding volumes.	ting directions of were reversed in

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DIVISION OF CHARTS

REVIEW SECTION - NAUTICAL CHART BRANCH

REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTRY NO. H-8294WD

FIELD NO. HY-1256WD

Florida, Key West, Southwest Channel

Project No. 13280

Surveyed - April - July, 1956

Scale 1:10,000

Soundings:

Control:

808 Fathometer

Shoran

Sextant fixes on shore signals

Chief of Party - J. C. Partington and W. J. Chovan
Surveyed by - J. E. Waugh, E. K. McCaffrey and R. J. Black
Protracted by - L. W. Heilman
Soundings plotted by - L. W. Heilman and A. M. Cook
Verified and inked by - Soundings - E. Thomas

Wire-drag - I. M. Zeskind
Reviewed by - I. M. Zeskind
Inspected by - R. H. Carstens

1. Shoreline and Control

The shoreline originates with air-photographic survey T-5546 (1938) and Chart 576, dated 7-12-54.

The source of the control is described in the Descriptive Report.

2. Adjoining Surveys

There are no conflicts between the present wire-drag survey and the soundings on the prior wire-drag surveys H-2873WD (1907), H-2932WD (1907-14) and H-2933WD (1908-15) in the area of the overlap. Since the purpose of the present wire-drag survey was to provide a maximum effective depth of only 23 ft. in the Southwest Channel the prior wire-drag effective depths have not been combined with the present survey effective depths. The project survey on the southwest has not yet been received in the Washington Office.

3. Comparison with Hydrographic Surveys

A comparison will be made with the project survey showing contemporary hydrography when it is received in the Washington Office.

4. Comparison with Chart 576 (Latest print date 7-12-54) Chart 584 (Latest print date 5-3-54)

A. Hydrography

No conflicts were noted between the charted soundings and the effective wire-drag depths of the present survey.

Charted depths over groundings listed in paragraph N of the Descriptive Report were applied to the charts through chart letter 553 (1956), except as follows:

Cleared depth - feet .	Latitude	Longitude
23 (Not charted) 22 (Not charted)	24°32.02° 24°32.04° 24°31.66° 24°32.48°	81°49.941 81°50.051 81°50.581 81°49.281

B. Aids to Navigation

The present survey positions of aids to navigation are in substantial agreement with the charted positions and adequately mark the features intended, except for lighted buoy (QKFL R) "10", charted in late 24°30.79', longe 81°50.78', which falls about 80 meters to the northwestward on the present survey.

5. Condition of Survey

- a. The Descriptive Report is complete and comprehensive.
- b. The information recorded in the sounding volumes is adequate, except for the following:
 - (1) The lift of the drag was not recorded on G day.
 - (2) Signs indicating the direction of the angles between the signals and the end buoys were reversed in a number of fixes. Because of the foregoing one drag strip which was erroneously smooth-plotted had to be replotted during verification of the survey.

c. The survey was neatly smooth-plotted, however, the following procedures were not in accord with the Washington Office practice or with the instructions in the wire-drag manual:

- (1) Actual soundings obtained at groundings and depths to which the groundings were cleared, were not noted on the A and D sheet.
- (2) Groundings were not encircled on either the smooth sheet or the A and D sheet.

Project Instructions

The survey covers the area specified in the Project Instructions.

Additional Field Work Recommended

No additional field work is recommended.

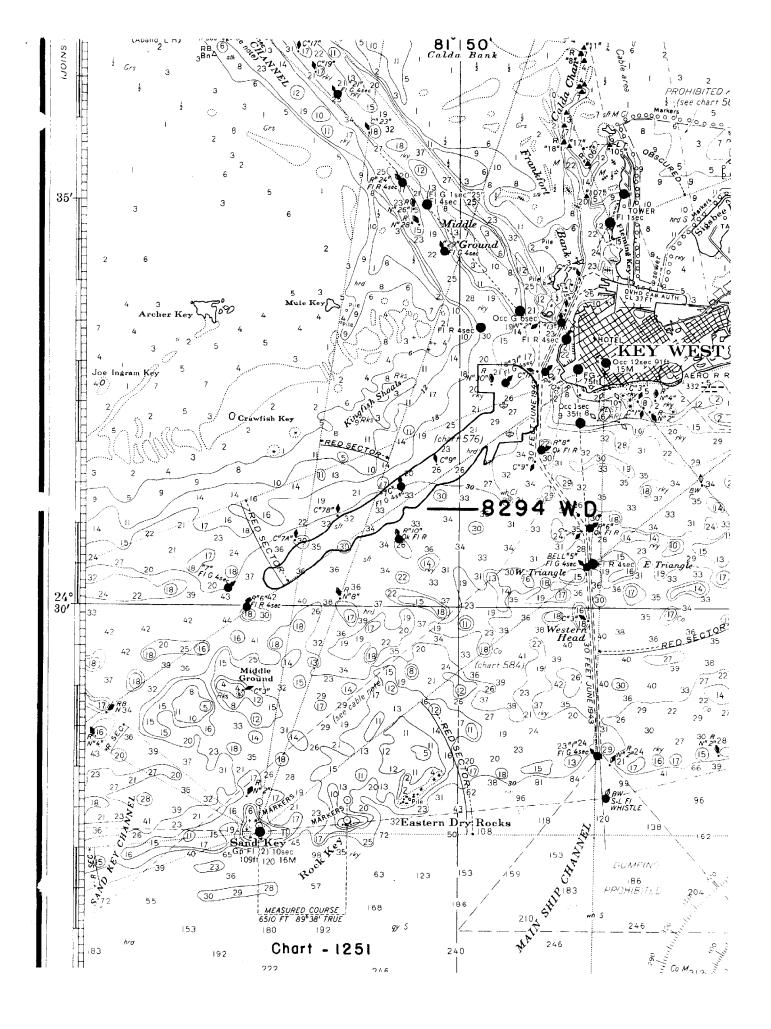
Examined and Approved:

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch

Charles A. Schanck Chief, Chart Division

Chief, Hydrography Branch

Chief, Division of Coastal Surveys



TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

29 August 1956

Division of Charts: R. H. Carstens:

Plane of reference approved in volumes of xsounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 8294

Locality Key West, Florida

Chief of Party: J. C. Partington in 1956
Plane of reference is mean low water, reading
4.3ft. on tide staff at Key West
8.8ft. below B. M. 29 (1923)

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is 1.3 feet.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

Chief, Division of Tides and Currentsx

U. S. SOVERHEENT PRINTING OFFICE 877922

NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

SURVEY NO. <u>H-8294</u> wo

Record of Application to Charts

DATE	CHART	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
8/23/52	576	OR. Willmann	Before After Verification and Review Partially
1/7/57	1251	f. q.M. Lan	- Bulare After Verification and Review Completely applied
3/28/57	584	m. Roger	Before After Verification and Review fully apple.
4-10-57	1351	R.K. De Lawder	Before After Verification and Review Thin Ch 1251
13 May 17	576	HEllac Einen	After Verification and Review Fully afflued.
7 ang 57	1252	Heller Euer	After Verification and Review 200, 300
6/10/58	854	y alber	Bale After Verification and Review Fully applied them the 58 f
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
	,		Before After Verification and Review
-			
6/10/58	854	y alber	Enlly applied than the 584 Before After Verification and Review Before After Verification and Review

M-2168-1

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.